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ID NO:2 from amino acid number 22 (Phe) to amino acid number 88 (Ile); (c) a polypeptide consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 from amino acid number 23 (Phe), to amino acid number 223 (Phe); (d) a polypeptide 5 consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 from amino acid number 51 (Lys) to amino acid number 124 (Asp); (e) a polypeptide consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 from amino acid number 125 (Val) to amino acid number 202 (Thr); (f) a polypeptide consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 from amino acid 203 (Phe) to amino acid number 223 (Phe); and wherein the polypeptide elicits an immune response in the animal to produce the antibody; and isolating the antibody from the animal.

another aspect, present In the invention provides an antibody produced by the method disclosed above, which binds to a z219c polypeptide. embodiment, the antibody disclosed above is a monoclonal In another aspect, the present invention 20 provides an antibody which binds to a polypeptide as disclosed above.

In another aspect, present invention the provides a method of detecting, in a test sample, the presence of an antagonist of z219c protein activity, comprising: transfecting a z219c-responsive cell, with a reporter gene construct that is responsive to a z219cstimulated cellular pathway; and producing polypeptide by the method of claim 15; and adding the z219c polypeptide to the cell, in the presence and absence of a test sample; and comparing levels of response to the z219c polypeptide, in the presence and absence of the test sample, biological or biochemical рy а assay; determining from the comparison, the presence of the antagonist of z219c activity in the test sample.